AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 21, 2003

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2003-04 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 339

Introduced by Assembly Member Aghazarian

February 11, 2003

An act to amend Sections 50199.50 and 50199.54 of the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Sections 17053.14 and 23608.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to farmworker housing. An act to amend Sections 50199.50, 50199.52, and 50199.54 of the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Sections 12206, 17058, and 23610.5 of, and to repeal Sections 17053.14, 23608.2, and 23608.3 of, the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation, to take effect immediately, tax levy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 339, as amended, Aghazarian. Farmworker housing tax credits.

Existing insurance tax law, the Personal Income Tax Law, and the Bank and Corporation Tax Law allow, in modified conformity to federal income tax laws, taxpayers a credit against the taxes imposed by those laws for providing low-income housing, and require the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee to allocate the credit in accordance with specified criteria.

The Personal Income Tax Law and the Bank and Corporation Tax Law also allow a credit against the taxes imposed by those laws in an amount equal to 50% of the eligible costs of constructing or rehabilitating farmworker housing. The credit is allocated pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program by the California Tax **AB 339** - 2 —

Credit Allocation Committee in an amount not to exceed \$70,000,000 per calendar year.

This bill would revise and recast the credit for farmworker housing under the provisions providing for the credit for low-income housing, thereby, among other things, allowing a credit for the entire amount of eligible costs for constructing or rehabilitating farmworker housing. However, the \$70,000,000 aggregate limitation would continue to apply.

This bill would take effect immediately as a tax levy.

Existing law, known as the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, authorizes the granting of farmworker housing tax credits by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee for the construction of farmworker housing that is used for that purpose for a compliance period of at least 30 years pursuant to an agreement with the owner or recipient of the credits.

This bill would decrease that compliance period to 10 years, and define "owner" and "recipient" to mean any person deemed eligible for tax credits by the committee. The bill would also revise the Personal Income Tax Law and the Bank and Corporation Tax Law accordingly.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 50199.50 of the Health and Safety Code 1 2 SECTION 1. Section 50199.50 of the Health and Safety Code
- 3 is amended to read:

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- 4 50199.50. For the purposes of this chapter:
- 5 (a) "Agricultural worker" or "farmworker" shall have the same meaning as specified in subdivision (b) of Section 1140.4 of 7 the Labor Code.
- (b) "Compliance period" means, with respect to any 9 farmworker housing, the period of 30 consecutive taxable or income years, beginning with the taxable or income year in which 10 the credit is allowable.
- (c) "Eligible costs" means the total finance costs, construction 12 13 costs, excavation costs, installation costs, and permit costs paid or incurred to construct or rehabilitate farmworker housing.
- "Eligible costs" include, but are not limited to, improvements to 15 ensure compliance with laws governing access for persons with

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disabilities and costs related to reducing utility expenses. Noneligible costs include land and those costs financed by grants and below-market financing.

- (d) "Farmworker housing" means housing for agricultural workers and may include, but need not be limited to, conventionally constructed units and manufactured housing.
- (e) "Farmworker housing tax credits" means the tax credits authorized by Sections 17053.14, 23608.2, 12206, 17058, and 23608.3 23610.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (f) "Household" has the same meaning as defined in Section 7602 of Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (g) "Committee" means the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee as defined in Section 50199.7.
- SEC. 2. Section 50199.52 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 50199.52. All housing assisted pursuant to this chapter shall comply with the following requirements:
- (a) (1) The recipient of a tax credit pursuant to Section 17053.14, 23608.2, or 23608.3 12206, 17058, or 23610.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, or the owner of the farmworker housing assisted pursuant to Section 17053.14 12206, 17058, or 23608.2 23610.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, shall enter into those agreements required by the committee to further the purposes of this chapter and the applicable farmworker housing tax credit sections.
- (2) The owner shall agree that the farmworker housing units assisted with the farmworker housing tax credits shall be utilized, maintained, and operated pursuant to this chapter for the compliance term specified by the applicable farmworker housing tax credit statute.
- (b) (1) The farmworker housing assisted pursuant to this chapter shall be available to, and occupied by, only farmworkers and their households. However, in the event of a natural disaster or other critical occurrence, as determined by the committee, the housing may be utilized at the discretion of the owner for households needing shelter for up to 60 days if there are no farmworkers who have submitted an application to reside, or to continue to reside, in the housing. The occupants of the housing need not be limited to farmworkers employed by the property owner.

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(2) In addition, where the housing is designed and operated as a dormitory, the owner and operator may restrict occupancy by sex. However, in awarding credits pursuant to this chapter, the committee shall give preference to proposed farmworker housing that is designed and operated for families rather than for single sex dormitories.

- (c) The expenditures upon which the amount of the farmworker housing tax credit is based shall be eligible costs.
- SEC. 3. Section 50199.54 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 50199.54. (a) In the event that the owner who receives a credit pursuant to Section 17053.14 12206, 17058, or 23608.2 23610.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code demonstrates, to the 14 committee's satisfaction, that there is no further need for farmworker housing or that it is no longer economically feasible to operate the farmworker housing, the owner shall pay to the Franchise Tax Board a pro rata portion of the credit previously allowed equal to the amount of any tax credit previously allowed, multiplied by the ratio of the number of years not elapsed in the compliance period divided by 30.
 - (b) In the event that the farmworker housing is damaged or destroyed by a casualty not caused by the owner, the compliance period has not expired, and the owner commences reasonable action to repair or replace the farmworker housing, the taxpayer may continue to claim the credit as if no destruction had taken place.
 - SEC. 4. Section 12206 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
 - 12206. (a) (1) There shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax" (as defined by Section 12201) a state low-income housing tax credit in an amount equal to the amount determined in subdivision (c), computed in accordance with Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, except as otherwise provided in this section.
 - (2) "Taxpayer," for purposes of this section, means the sole owner in the case of a C corporation, the partners in the case of a partnership, and the shareholders in the case of an S corporation.
 - (3) "Housing sponsor," for purposes of this section, means the sole owner in the case of a C corporation, the partnership in the

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case of a partnership, and the S corporation in the case of an S corporation.

- (b) (1) The amount of the credit allocated to any housing sponsor shall be authorized by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, or any successor thereof, based on a project's need for the credit for economic feasibility in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (A) The low-income housing project shall be located in California and shall meet either of the following requirements:
- (i) The project's housing sponsor shall have been allocated by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee a credit for federal income tax purposes under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (ii) It shall qualify for a credit under Section 42(h)(4)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (B) The California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall may not require fees for the credit under this section in addition to those fees required for applications for the tax credit pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code. The committee may require a fee if the application for the credit under this section is submitted in a calendar year after the year the application is submitted for the federal tax credit.
- (2) (A) The California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall certify to the housing sponsor the amount of tax credit under this section allocated to the housing sponsor for each credit period.
- (B) In the case of a partnership or an S corporation, the housing sponsor shall provide a copy of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee certification to the taxpayer.
- (C) The taxpayer shall attach a copy of the certification to any return upon which a tax credit is claimed under this section.
- (D) In the case of a failure to attach a copy of the certification for the year to the return in which a tax credit is claimed under this section, no credit under this section shall be allowed for that year until a copy of that certification is provided.
- (E) All elections made by the taxpayer pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply to this section.
- (F) No credit shall be allocated under this section to buildings located in a difficult development area or a qualified census tract as defined in Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code for which the eligible basis of a new building or the rehabilitation

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expenditure of an existing building is 130 percent of that amount pursuant to Section 42(d)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, unless the committee reduces the amount of federal credit, with the approval of the applicant, so that the combined amount of federal 5 and state credit shall does not exceed the total credit allowable pursuant to this section and Section 42(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, computed without regard to Section 42(d)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (c) Section 42(b) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be 10 modified as follows:
 - (1) In the case of any qualified low-income building that receives an allocation after 1989 and is a new building not federally subsidized, the term "applicable percentage" means the following:
- (A) For each of the first three years, the percentage prescribed 16 by the Secretary of the Treasury for new buildings that are not federally subsidized for the taxable year, determined in accordance with the requirements of Section 42(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, in lieu of the percentage prescribed in Section 42(b)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (B) For the fourth year, the difference between 30 percent and the sum of the applicable percentages for the first three years.
 - (2) In the case of any qualified low-income building that receives an allocation after 1989 and that is a new building that is federally subsidized or that is an existing building that is "at risk of conversion," the term "applicable percentage" means the following:
 - (A) For each of the first three years, the percentage prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for new buildings that are federally subsidized for the taxable year.
 - (B) For the fourth year, the difference between 13 percent and the sum of the applicable percentages for the first three years.
 - (3) For purposes of this section, the term "at risk of conversion," with respect to an existing building means a building that satisfies all of the following criteria:
 - (A) The building is presently owned by a housing sponsor other than a qualified nonprofit organization.
 - (B) The building is a federally assisted building for which the low-income use restrictions will terminate or the mortgage on the building is eligible for incentives under Subtitle 13 of the

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Emergency Low Income Housing Assistance Act of 1987 or under Section 502(c) of the Housing Act of 1949, anytime in the two calendar years after the year of application to the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, and the purchaser has received preliminary approval from the applicable federal agency for a maximum level of incentives through a plan of action.

- (C) The person acquiring the building enters into a regulatory agreement that requires the building to be operated in accordance with the requirements of this section for a period equal to the greater of 55 years or the life of the building.
- (D) The building satisfies the requirements of Section 42(e) of the Internal Revenue Code regarding rehabilitation expenditures, except that the provisions of Section 42(e)(3)(A)(ii)(I) shall does not apply.
- (d) The term "qualified low-income housing project" as defined in Section 42(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified by adding the following requirements:
- (1) The taxpayer shall be entitled to receive a cash distribution from the operations of the project, after funding required reserves, which, at the election of the taxpayer, is equal to:
 - (A) An amount not to exceed 8 percent of the lesser of:
- (i) The owner equity which shall include the amount of the capital contributions actually paid to the housing sponsor and shall may not include any amounts until they are paid on an investor note.
- (ii) Twenty percent of the adjusted basis of the building as of the close of the first taxable year of the credit period.
- (B) The amount of the cash-flow from those units in the building that are not low-income units. For purposes of computing cash-flow under this subparagraph, operating costs shall be allocated to the low-income units using the "floor space fraction," as defined in Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (C) Any amount allowed to be distributed under subparagraph (A) that is not available for distribution during the first five years of the compliance period may accumulate and be distributed any time during the first 15 years of the compliance period but not thereafter.
- (2) The limitation on return shall apply in the aggregate to the partners if the housing sponsor is a partnership and in the aggregate to the shareholders if the housing sponsor is an S corporation.

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(3) The housing sponsor shall apply any cash available for distribution in excess of the amount eligible to be distributed under paragraph (1) to reduce the rent on rent-restricted units or to increase the number of rent-restricted units subject to the tests of Section 42(g)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (e) The provisions of Section 42(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:
- (1) The term "credit period" as defined in Section 42(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified by substituting "four taxable years" for "10 taxable years."
- (2) The special rule for the first taxable year of the credit period under Section 42(f)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code shall does not apply to the tax credit under this section.
- (3) Section 42(f)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified to read:

If, as of the close of any taxable year in the compliance period, after the first year of the credit period, the qualified basis of any building exceeds the qualified basis of that building as of the close of the first year of the credit period, the housing sponsor, to the extent of its tax credit allocation, shall be eligible for a credit on the excess in an amount equal to the applicable percentage determined pursuant to subdivision (c) for the four-year period beginning with the later of the taxable years in which the increase in qualified basis occurs.

- (f) The provisions of Section 42(h) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:
- (1) Section 42(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code shall is not be applicable and instead the following provisions shall be applicable:

The total amount for the four-year credit period of the housing credit dollars allocated in a calendar year to any building shall reduce the aggregate housing credit dollar amount of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee for the calendar year in which the allocation is made.

- (2) Paragraphs (3), (4), (5), (6)(E)(i)(II), (6)(F), (6)(G), (6)(I), (7), and (8) of Section 42(h) of the Internal Revenue Code shall *are* not be applicable.
- (g) The aggregate housing credit dollar amount that may be allocated annually by the California Tax Credit Allocation

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Committee pursuant to this section, Section 17058, and Section 23610.5 shall be an amount equal to the sum of all the following:

(1) Seventy, but not to exceed seventy million dollars (\$70,000,000) for the 2001 calendar year, and, for the 2002 calendar year and each calendar year thereafter, seventy million dollars (\$70,000,000) increased by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the 2001 calendar year. For (for the purposes of this paragraph, the term "Consumer Price Index" means the last Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the federal Department of Labor.

(2)—*Labor*):

- (1) To be allocated for qualified low-income housing projects, including farmworker housing:
 - (A) Forty-five million dollars (\$45,000,000).
- (B) The unused housing credit ceiling, if any, for the preceding calendar years.

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- (C) The amount of housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year. For purposes of this paragraph subparagraph, the amount of housing credit dollar amount returned in the calendar year equals the housing credit dollar amount previously allocated to any project that does not become a qualified low-income housing project within the period required by this section or to any project with respect to which an allocation is canceled by mutual consent of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the allocation recipient.
- (2) To be specifically designated for the construction or rehabilitation of qualified farmworker housing, all of the following:
 - (A) Five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
- (B) The unused qualified farmworker housing credits, if any, for the preceding calendar year or years.
- (C) The amount of qualified farmworker housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year. For purposes of this subparagraph, 36 the amount returned in the calendar year equals the housing credit dollar amount previously allocated to any project that does not become a qualified low-income farmworker housing project within the period required by this section or to any project with respect to which an allocation is canceled by mutual consent of the

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 California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the allocation recipient.

"Qualified farmworker housing" means housing located within this state that satisfies the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program. The housing may be vacant or occupied, and it need not be licensed pursuant to the Employee Housing Act at the time of the initiation of construction or rehabilitation.

The farmworker housing tax credit may not be allowed unless the taxpayer constructs or rehabilitates the property subject to the covenants, conditions, and restrictions imposed by this section and pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, which shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a requirement that the taxpayer obtain, for approval by the committee, a construction cost audit and certification of eligible costs from a qualified accountant; and, subsequent to the construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing, owns or operates the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section, or ensures the ownership and operation of the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section.

- (h) The term "compliance period" as defined in Section 42(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified to mean, with respect to any building, the period of 30-consecutive taxable years beginning with the first taxable year of the credit period with respect thereto.
- (i) (1) Section 42(j) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be *is not* applicable and the provisions in paragraph (2) shall be substituted in its place.
- (2) The requirements of this section shall be set forth in a regulatory agreement between the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the housing sponsor, which agreement shall be subordinated, when required, to any lien or encumbrance of any banks or other institutional lenders to the project. The regulatory agreement entered into pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 50199.14 of the Health and Safety Code, shall apply, providing the agreement includes all of the following provisions:
 - (A) A term not less than the compliance period.
- (B) A requirement that the agreement be filed in the official records of the county in which the qualified low-income housing project is located.

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(C) A provision stating which state and local agencies can enforce the regulatory agreement in the event the housing sponsor fails to satisfy any of the requirements of this section.

- (D) A provision that the regulatory agreement shall be deemed a contract enforceable by tenants as third-party beneficiaries thereto and which that allows individuals, whether prospective, present, or former occupants of the building, who meet the income limitation applicable to the building, the right to enforce the regulatory agreement in any state court.
- (E) A provision incorporating the requirements of Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code as modified by this section.
- (F) A requirement that the housing sponsor notify the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee or its designee and the local agency that can enforce the regulatory agreement if there is a determination by the Internal Revenue Service that the project is not in compliance with Section 42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (G) A requirement that the housing sponsor, as security for the performance of the housing sponsor's obligations under the regulatory agreement, assign the housing sponsor's interest in rents that it receives from the project, provided that until there is a default under the regulatory agreement, the housing sponsor is entitled to collect and retain the rents.
- (H) The remedies available in the event of a default under the regulatory agreement that is not cured within a reasonable cure period, include, but are not limited to, allowing any of the parties designated to enforce the regulatory agreement to collect all rents with respect to the project; taking possession of the project and operating the project in accordance with the regulatory agreement until the enforcer determines the housing sponsor is in a position to operate the project in accordance with the regulatory agreement; applying to any court for specific performance; securing the appointment of a receiver to operate the project; or any other relief as may be appropriate.
- (j) (1) The committee shall allocate the housing credit on a regular basis consisting of two or more periods in each calendar year during which applications may be filed and considered. The committee shall establish application filing deadlines, the maximum percentage of federal and state low-income housing tax credit ceiling which that may be allocated by the committee in that

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period, and the approximate date on which allocations shall be made. If the enactment of federal or state law, the adoption of rules or regulations, or other similar events prevent the use of two allocation periods, the committee may reduce the number of periods and adjust the filing deadlines, maximum percentage of credit allocated, and the allocation dates.

- (2) The committee shall adopt a qualified allocation plan, as provided in Section 42(m)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. In adopting this plan, the committee shall comply with the provisions of Sections 42(m)(1)(B) and 42(m)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) Notwithstanding Section 42(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall allocate housing credits in accordance with the qualified allocation plan and regulations, which shall include the following provisions:
- (A) All housing sponsors, as defined by paragraph (3) of subdivision (a), shall demonstrate at the time the application is filed with the committee that the project meets the following threshold requirements:
- (i) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate there is a need and demand for low-income housing in the community or region for which it is proposed.
- (ii) The project's proposed financing, including tax credit proceeds, shall be sufficient to complete the project and that the proposed operating income shall be adequate to operate the project for the extended use period.
- (iii) The project shall have enforceable financing commitments, either construction or permanent financing, for at least 50 percent of the total estimated financing of the project.
- (iv) The housing sponsor shall have and maintain control of the site for the project.
- (v) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate that the project complies with all applicable local land use and zoning ordinances.
- (vi) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate that the project development team has the experience and the financial capacity to ensure project completion and operation for the extended use period.
- (vii) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate the amount of tax credit that is necessary for the financial feasibility of the project and its viability as a qualified low-income housing project

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throughout the extended use period, taking into account operating expenses, a supportable debt service, reserves, funds set aside for rental subsidies, and required equity, and a development fee that does not exceed a specified percentage of the eligible basis of the project prior to inclusion of the development fee in the eligible basis, as determined by the committee.

- (B) The committee shall give a preference to those projects satisfying all of the threshold requirements of subparagraph (A) if both of the following apply:
- (i) The project serves the lowest income tenants at rents affordable to those tenants.
- (ii) The project is obligated to serve qualified tenants for the longest period.
- (C) In addition to the provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B), the committee shall use the following criteria in allocating housing credits:
- (i) Projects serving large families in which a substantial number, as defined by the committee, of all residential units is comprised of low-income units with three and more bedrooms.
- (ii) Projects providing single room occupancy units serving very low income tenants.
- (iii) Existing projects that are "at risk of conversion," as defined by paragraph (4) of subdivision (c).
- (iv) Projects for which a public agency provides direct or indirect long-term financial support for at least 15 percent of the total project development costs or projects for which the owner's equity constitutes at least 30 percent of the total project development costs.
- (v) Projects that provide tenant amenities not generally available to residents of low-income housing projects.
- (4) For purposes of allocating credits pursuant to this section, the committee shall may not give preference to any project by virtue of the date of submission of its application except to break a tie when two or more of the projects have an equal rating.
- (k) Section 42(l) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:
- The term "secretary" shall be replaced by the term "California Franchise Tax Board."
- (l) In the case where the state credit allowed under this section exceeds the "tax," the excess may be carried over to reduce the

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1 "tax" in the following year, and succeeding years if necessary, until the credit has been exhausted.

- (m) The provisions of Section 11407(a) of Public Law 101-508, relating to the effective date of the extension of the low-income housing credit, shall apply to calendar years after 1993
- (n) The provisions of Section 11407(c) of Public Law 101-508, relating to election to accelerate credit, shall not apply.
- (o) This section shall remain in effect for as long as Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, relating to low-income housing credits, remains in effect.
- 12 SEC. 5. Section 17053.14 of the Revenue and Taxation Code 13 is repealed.
 - 17053.14. (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "net tax," as defined in Section 17039, an amount, subject to Section 42(h)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is otherwise equal to the lesser of 50 percent of the eligible costs, as determined under subdivision (b), or the amount allocated under paragraph (2) of subdivision (e).
 - (b) (1) For purposes of this section, the "eligible costs" shall be equal to the total finance costs, construction costs, excavation costs, installation costs, and permit costs paid or incurred to construct or rehabilitate farmworker housing. "Eligible costs" include, but are not limited to, improvements to ensure compliance with laws governing access for persons with disabilities and costs related to reducing utility expenses. Noneligible costs include land and those costs financed by grants and below-market financing.
 - (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing shall have commenced on or after January 1, 1997.
 - (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, eligible costs shall not include any costs paid or incurred prior to January 1, 1997.
 - (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, no credit shall be allowed under this section unless the taxpayer first obtains a certification from the committee that the amounts described in subdivision (b) qualify for the credit under this section and the total amount of the credit allocated to the taxpayer pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
 - (d) The taxpayer shall do all of the following:

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- (1) Apply to the committee for the credit certification.
- (2) Retain a copy of the certification.

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- (3) Make the certification available to the Franchise Tax Board upon request.
 - (e) The committee shall do all of the following:
- (1) Provide forms and instructions for applications for credit certification, as specified pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (2) Accept applications and issue a certificate to the taxpayer that includes a certification as to the eligible costs described in subdivision (b) that qualify for the credit and the total amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year. Credit in excess of the amount necessary to make the project feasible shall not be allocated. Credits shall be allocated through a minimum of one competitive funding round per year.
- (3) Obtain the taxpayer's taxpayer identification number, and each partner's taxpayer identification number in the case of a partnership, for tax administration purposes.
- (4) Provide an annual listing to the Franchise Tax Board, in the form and manner agreed upon by the Franchise Tax Board and the committee, containing the names, taxpayer identification numbers pursuant to paragraph (3), eligible costs, and total amount of credit certified to each taxpayer.
 - (f) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Compliance period" means, with respect to any farmworker housing, the period of 30 consecutive taxable years, beginning with the taxable year in which the credit is allowable.
- (2) "Construct or rehabilitate" includes reconstruction, but does not include any costs related to acquisition or refinancing of property or structures thereon.
- (3) "Farmworker Housing Assistance Program" means Chapter 3.7 (commencing with Section 50199.50) of Part 1 of Division 31 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (4) "Qualified farmworker housing" means housing located within this state which satisfies the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program. The housing may be vacant or occupied.
- (5) "Committee" means the California Tax Credit Allocation
 Committee as defined in Section 50199.7 of the Health and Safety
 Code.

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(6) "Qualified accountant" means an accountant licensed or certified in this state who is neither an employee of the taxpayer nor related to the taxpayer, within the meaning of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (g) No deduction or other credit shall be allowed under this part or Part 11 (commencing with Section 23001) to the extent of any eligible costs, as defined in subdivision (b), that are taken into account in computing the credit allowed under this section.
- (h) The farmworker housing tax credit shall not be allowed unless the taxpayer:
- (1) Constructs or rehabilitates the property subject to the covenants, conditions, and restrictions imposed by this section and pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, which shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a requirement that the taxpayer obtain, for approval by the committee, a construction cost audit and certification of eligible costs from a qualified accountant.
- (2) Subsequent to construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing, owns or operates the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section, or ensures the ownership and operation of the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section.
- (i) The requirements of this section shall be set forth in a written agreement between the committee and the taxpayer. The agreement shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the requirements set forth in the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (j) In the case where the credit allowed by this section exceeds the "net tax," the excess may be carried over to reduce the "net tax" in the following year, and succeeding years if necessary, until the credit has been exhausted.
- (k) (1) In the case of any disqualifying event, as defined in paragraph (2), there shall be added to the "net tax," as defined in Section 17039, for the taxable year in which the disqualifying event occurs, the recapture amount computed under paragraph (3) and the interest amount computed under paragraph (4).
- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "disqualifying event" shall mean:
- (A) The committee determines that the certification provided under subdivision (e) was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation.

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(B) The taxpayer fails to comply with the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, or any other requirement imposed under this section.

- (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "recapture amount" means:
- (A) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), the entire amount of any credit previously allowed under this section.
- (B) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), an amount determined by multiplying the entire amount of the credit previously allowed under this section by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of years remaining in the compliance period and the denominator of which is 30.
 - (4) For purposes of this subdivision, "interest amount" means:
- (A) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), the amount of interest computed using the adjusted annual rate established in Section 19521 from the due date of the return for each taxable year in which the credit was claimed to the date of the payment of the additional tax resulting from the application of this subdivision.
- (B) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), zero.
- (1) The annual amount of credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 23608.2 and 23608.3 shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), provided that the aggregate amount of the credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 23608.2 and 23608.3 for the 1998 calendar year and thereafter may exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) per calendar year by an amount equal to any unallocated credits under this section and Sections 23608.2 and 23608.3 for the preceding calendar year or years.
- SEC. 6. Section 17058 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 17058. (a) (1) There shall be allowed as a credit against the amount of net tax (as defined in Section 17039) a state low-income housing credit in an amount equal to the amount determined in subdivision (c), computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, except as otherwise provided in this section.

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 (2) "Taxpayer" for purposes of this section means the sole owner in the case of an individual, the partners in the case of a partnership, and the shareholders in the case of an S corporation.

- (3) "Housing sponsor" for purposes of this section means the sole owner in the case of an individual, the partnership in the case of a partnership, and the S corporation in the case of an S corporation.
- (b) (1) The amount of the credit allocated to any housing sponsor shall be authorized by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, or any successor thereof, based on a project's need for the credit for economic feasibility in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (A) The low-income housing project shall be located in California and shall meet either of the following requirements:
- (i) The project's housing sponsor shall have been allocated by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee a credit for federal income tax purposes under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (ii) It shall qualify for a credit under Section 42(h)(4)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (B) The California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall may not require fees for the credit under this section in addition to those fees required for applications for the tax credit pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code. The committee may require a fee if the application for the credit under this section is submitted in a calendar year after the year the application is submitted for the federal tax credit.
- (2) (A) The California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall certify to the housing sponsor the amount of tax credit under this section allocated to the housing sponsor for each credit period.
- (B) In the case of a partnership or an S corporation, the housing sponsor shall provide a copy of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee certification to the taxpayer.
- (C) The taxpayer shall, upon request, provide a copy of the certification to the Franchise Tax Board.
- (D) All elections made by the taxpayer pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply to this section.
- (E) For buildings located in designated difficult development areas or qualified census tracts as defined in Section 42(d)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, credits may be allocated under this

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section in the amounts prescribed in subdivision (c), provided that the amount of credit allocated under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code is computed on 100 percent of the qualified basis of the building.

(c) Section 42(b) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:

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- (1) In the case of any qualified low-income building placed in service by the housing sponsor during 1987, the term "applicable percentage" means 9 percent for each of the first three years and 3 percent for the fourth year for new buildings (whether or not the building is federally subsidized) and for existing buildings.
- (2) In the case of any qualified low-income building that receives an allocation after 1989 and is a new building not federally subsidized, the term "applicable percentage" means the following:
- (A) For each of the first three years, the percentage prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for new buildings that are not federally subsidized for the taxable year, determined in accordance with the requirements of Section 42(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, in lieu of the percentage prescribed in Section 42(b)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (B) For the fourth year, the difference between 30 percent and the sum of the applicable percentages for the first three years.
- (3) In the case of any qualified low-income building that receives an allocation after 1989 and that is a new building that is federally subsidized or that is an existing building that is "at risk of conversion," the term "applicable percentage" means the following:
- (A) For each of the first three years, the percentage prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for new buildings that are federally subsidized for the taxable year.
- (B) For the fourth year, the difference between 13 percent and the sum of the applicable percentages for the first three years.
- (4) For purposes of this section, the term "at risk of conversion," with respect to an existing building means a building that satisfies all of the following criteria:
- (A) The building is presently owned by a housing sponsor other than a qualified nonprofit organization.
- (B) The building is a federally assisted building for which the 40 low-income use restrictions will terminate or the building is

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eligible for incentives under Subtitle 13 of the Emergency Low Income Housing Preservation Act of 1987 or under Section 502(c) of the Housing Act of 1949, anytime in the two calendar years after the year of application to the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, and the purchaser has received preliminary approval from the applicable federal agency for a maximum level of incentives through a plan of action.

- (C) The person acquiring the building enters into a regulatory agreement that requires the building to be operated in accordance with the requirements of this section for a period equal to the greater of 55 years or the life of the building.
- (D) The building satisfies the requirements of Section 42(e) of the Internal Revenue Code regarding rehabilitation expenditures, except that the provisions of Section 42(e)(3)(A)(ii)(I) shall do not apply.
- (d) The term "qualified low-income housing project" as defined in Section 42(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified by adding the following requirements:
- (1) The taxpayer shall be entitled to receive a cash distribution from the operations of the project, after funding required reserves, that, at the election of the taxpayer, is equal to:
 - (A) An amount not to exceed 8 percent of the lesser of:
- (i) The owner equity that shall include the amount of the capital contributions actually paid to the housing sponsor and shall may not include any amounts until they are paid on an investor note.
- (ii) Twenty percent of the adjusted basis of the building as of the close of the first taxable year of the credit period.
- (B) The amount of the cash-flow from those units in the building that are not low-income units. For purposes of computing cash-flow under this subparagraph, operating costs shall be allocated to the low-income units using the "floor space fraction," as defined in Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (C) Any amount allowed to be distributed under subparagraph (A) that is not available for distribution during the first five years of the compliance period may be accumulated and distributed any time during the first 15 years of the compliance period but not thereafter.
- (2) The limitation on return shall apply in the aggregate to the partners if the housing sponsor is a partnership and in the aggregate to the shareholders if the housing sponsor is an S corporation.

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(3) The housing sponsor shall apply any cash available for distribution in excess of the amount eligible to be distributed under paragraph (1) to reduce the rent on rent-restricted units or to increase the number of rent-restricted units subject to the tests of Section 42(g)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (e) The provisions of Section 42(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:
- (1) The term "credit period" as defined in Section 42(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified by substituting "four taxable years" for "10 taxable years."
- (2) The special rule for the first taxable year of the credit period under Section 42(f)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code shall does not apply to the tax credit under this section.
- (3) Section 42(f)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified to read:

If, as of the close of any taxable year in the compliance period, after the first year of the credit period, the qualified basis of any building exceeds the qualified basis of that building as of the close of the first year of the credit period, the housing sponsor, to the extent of its tax credit allocation, shall be eligible for a credit on the excess in an amount equal to the applicable percentage determined pursuant to subdivision (c) for the four-year period beginning with the taxable year in which the increase in qualified basis occurs.

- (f) The provisions of Section 42(h) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:
- (1) Section 42(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be *is* applicable and instead the following provisions shall be applicable:

The total amount for the four-year period of the housing credit dollars allocated in a calendar year to any building shall reduce the aggregate housing credit dollar amount of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee for the calendar year in which the allocation is made.

- (2) Paragraphs (3), (4), (5), (6)(E)(i)(II), (6)(F), (6)(G), (6)(I), (7), and (8) of Section 42(h) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be are not applicable to this section.
- (g) The aggregate housing credit dollar amount which that may be allocated annually by the California Tax Credit Allocation

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Committee pursuant to this section, Section 12206, and Section 23610.5 shall be an amount equal to the sum of all the following: 3 (1) Seventy, but not to exceed seventy million dollars 4 (\$70,000,000) for the 2001 calendar year, and, for the 2002 5 calendar year and each calendar year thereafter, seventy million dollars (\$70,000,000) increased by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the 2001 calendar year. For 9 (for the purposes of this paragraph, the term "Consumer Price 10 Index" means the last Consumer Price Index for all urban 11 consumers published by the federal Department of Labor.

(2)—*Labor*):

- (1) To be allocated for qualified low-income housing projects, including farmworker housing:
 - (A) Forty-five million dollars (\$45,000,000).
- (B) The unused housing credit ceiling, if any, for the preceding calendar years.

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- (C) The amount of housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year. For purposes of this paragraph subparagraph, the amount of housing credit dollar amount returned in the calendar year equals the housing credit dollar amount previously allocated to any project that does not become a qualified low-income housing project within the period required by this section or to any project with respect to which an allocation is canceled by mutual consent of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the allocation recipient.
- (2) To be specifically designated for the construction or rehabilitation of qualified farmworker housing, all of the following:
 - (A) Five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
- (B) The unused qualified farmworker housing credits, if any, for the preceding calendar year or years.
- (C) The amount of qualified farmworker housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year. For purposes of this subparagraph, 36 the amount returned in the calendar year equals the housing credit dollar amount previously allocated to any project that does not become a qualified low-income farmworker housing project within the period required by this section or to any project with respect to which an allocation is canceled by mutual consent of the

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California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the allocation recipient.

"Qualified farmworker housing" means housing located within this state that satisfies the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program. The housing may be vacant or occupied, and it need not be licensed pursuant to the Employee Housing Act at the time of the initiation of construction or rehabilitation.

The farmworker housing tax credit may not be allowed unless the taxpayer constructs or rehabilitates the property subject to the covenants, conditions, and restrictions imposed by this section and pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, which shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a requirement that the taxpayer obtain, for approval by the committee, a construction cost audit and certification of eligible costs from a qualified accountant; and, subsequent to the construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing, owns or operates the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section, or ensures the ownership and operation of the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section.

- (h) The term "compliance period" as defined in Section 42(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified to mean, with respect to any building, the period of 30 consecutive taxable years beginning with the first taxable year of the credit period with respect thereto.
- (i) Section 42(j) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be is not applicable and the following requirements of this section shall be set forth in a regulatory agreement between the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the housing sponsor, which agreement shall be subordinated, when required, to any lien or encumbrance of any banks or other institutional lenders to the project. The regulatory agreement entered into pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 50199.14 of the Health and Safety Code shall apply, providing the agreement includes all of the following provisions:
 - (1) A term not less than the compliance period.
- (2) A requirement that the agreement be filed in the official records of the county in which the qualified low-income housing project is located.

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 (3) A provision stating which state and local agencies can enforce the regulatory agreement in the event the housing sponsor fails to satisfy any of the requirements of this section.

- (4) A provision that the regulatory agreement shall be deemed a contract enforceable by tenants as third-party beneficiaries thereto and which that allows individuals, whether prospective, present, or former occupants of the building, who meet the income limitation applicable to the building, the right to enforce the regulatory agreement in any state court.
- (5) A provision incorporating the requirements of Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code as modified by this section.
- (6) A requirement that the housing sponsor notify the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee or its designee if there is a determination by the Internal Revenue Service that the project is not in compliance with Section 42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) A requirement that the housing sponsor, as security for the performance of the housing sponsor's obligations under the regulatory agreement, assign the housing sponsor's interest in rents that it receives from the project, provided that until there is a default under the regulatory agreement, the housing sponsor is entitled to collect and retain the rents.
- (8) The remedies available in the event of a default under the regulatory agreement that is not cured within a reasonable cure period, include, but are not limited to, allowing any of the parties designated to enforce the regulatory agreement to collect all rents with respect to the project; taking possession of the project and operating the project in accordance with the regulatory agreement until the enforcer determines the housing sponsor is in a position to operate the project in accordance with the regulatory agreement; applying to any court for specific performance; securing the appointment of a receiver to operate the project; or any other relief as may be appropriate.
- (j) (1) The committee shall allocate the housing credit on a regular basis consisting of two or more periods in each calendar year during which applications may be filed and considered. The committee shall establish application filing deadlines, the maximum percentage of federal and state low-income housing tax credit ceiling that may be allocated by the committee in that period, and the approximate date on which allocations shall be

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made. If the enactment of federal or state law, the adoption of rules or regulations or other similar events prevent the use of two allocation periods, the committee may reduce the number of periods and adjust the filing deadlines, maximum percentage of credit allocated, and the allocation dates.

- (2) The committee shall adopt a qualified allocation plan, as provided in Section 42(m)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. In adopting this plan, the committee shall comply with the provisions of Sections 42(m)(1)(B) and 42(m)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) Notwithstanding Section 42(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall allocate housing credits in accordance with the qualified allocation plan and regulations, which shall include the following provisions:
- (A) All housing sponsors, as defined by paragraph (3) of subdivision (a), shall demonstrate at the time the application is filed with the committee that the project meets the following threshold requirements:
- (i) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate there is a need and demand for low-income housing in the community or region for which it is proposed.
- (ii) The project's proposed financing, including tax credit proceeds, shall be sufficient to complete the project and that the proposed operating income shall be adequate to operate the project for the extended use period.
- (iii) The project shall have enforceable financing commitments, either construction or permanent financing, for at least 50 percent of the total estimated financing of the project.
- (iv) The housing sponsor shall have and maintain control of the site for the project.
- (v) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate that the project complies with all applicable local land use and zoning ordinances.
- (vi) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate that the project development team has the experience and the financial capacity to ensure project completion and operation for the extended use period.
- (vii) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate the amount of tax credit that is necessary for the financial feasibility of the project and its viability as a qualified low-income housing project throughout the extended use period, taking into account operating

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expenses, a supportable debt service, reserves, funds set aside for rental subsidies, and required equity, and a development fee that does not exceed a specified percentage of the eligible basis of the project prior to inclusion of the development fee in the eligible basis, as determined by the committee.

- (B) The committee shall give a preference to those projects satisfying all of the threshold requirements of subparagraph (A) if both of the following apply:
- (i) The project serves the lowest income tenants at rents affordable to those tenants.
- (ii) The project is obligated to serve qualified tenants for the longest period.
- (C) In addition to the provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B), the committee shall use the following criteria in allocating housing credits:
- (i) Projects serving large families in which a substantial number, as defined by the committee of all residential units is comprised of low-income units with three and more bedrooms.
- (ii) Projects providing single room occupancy units serving very low income tenants.
- (iii) Existing projects that are "at risk of conversion," as defined by paragraph (4) of subdivision (c).
- (iv) Projects for which a public agency provides direct or indirect long-term financial support for at least 15 percent of the total project development costs or projects for which the owner's equity constitutes at least 30 percent of the total project development costs.
- (v) Projects that provide tenant amenities not generally available to residents of low-income housing projects.
- (4) For purposes of allocating credits pursuant to this section, the committee shall may not give preference to any project by virtue of the date of submission of its application.
- (k) Section 42(l) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be 34 modified as follows:
- The term "secretary" shall be replaced by the term "California 36 Franchise Tax Board."
 - (1) In the case where the credit allowed under this section exceeds the net tax, the excess credit may be carried over to reduce the net tax in the following year, and succeeding taxable years, if necessary, until the credit has been exhausted.

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(m) A project that received an allocation of a 1989 federal housing credit dollar amount shall be eligible to receive an allocation of a 1990 state housing credit dollar amount, subject to all of the following conditions:

(1) The project was not placed in service prior to 1990.

- (2) To the extent the amendments made to this section by the Statutes of 1990 conflict with any provisions existing in this section prior to those amendments, the prior provisions of law shall prevail.
- (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), a project applying for an allocation under this subdivision shall be subject to the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (j).
- (n) The credit period with respect to an allocation of credit in 1989 by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee of which any amount is attributable to unallocated credit from 1987 or 1988 shall *does* not begin until after December 31, 1989.
- (o) The provisions of Section 11407(a) of Public Law 101-508, relating to the effective date of the extension of the low-income housing credit, shall apply to calendar years after 1989.
- (p) The provisions of Section 11407(c) of Public Law 101-508, relating to election to accelerate credit, shall not apply.
- (q) Any unused credit may continue to be carried forward, as provided in subdivision (l), until the credit has been exhausted.

This section shall remain in effect on and after December 1, 1990, for as long as Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, relating pertaining to low-income housing credits, remains in effect.

- (r) The amendments to this section by the act adding this subdivision shall apply only to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1994.
- SEC. 7. Section 23608.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is repealed.
- 23608.2. (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax," as defined by Section 23036, an amount, subject to Section 42(h)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is otherwise equal to the lesser of 50 percent of the eligible costs, as determined under subdivision (b), or the amount allocated under paragraph (2) of subdivision (e).
- (b) (1) For purposes of this section, the "cligible costs" shall be equal to the total finance costs, construction costs, excavation

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costs, installation costs, and permit costs paid or incurred to construct or rehabilitate farmworker housing. "Eligible costs" include, but are not limited to, improvements to ensure compliance with laws governing access for persons with disabilities and costs related to reducing utility expenses. Noneligible costs include land and those costs financed by grants and below-market financing.

- (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing shall have commenced on or after January 1, 1997.
- (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this part, eligible costs shall not include any costs paid or incurred prior to January 1, 1997.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, no credit shall be allowed under this section unless the taxpayer first obtains a certification from the committee that the amounts described in subdivision (b) qualify for the credit under this section and the total amount of the credit allocated to the taxpayer pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
 - (d) The taxpayer shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Apply to the committee for credit certification.
 - (2) Retain a copy of the certification.
- (3) Make the certification available to the Franchise Tax Board upon request.
 - (e) The committee shall do all of the following:
- (1) Provide forms and instructions for applications for credit certification, as specified pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (2) Accept applications and issue a certificate to the taxpayer that includes a certification as to the eligible costs described in subdivision (b) that qualify for the credit and the total amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year. Credit in excess of the amount necessary to make the project feasible shall not be allocated. Credits shall be allocated through a minimum of one competitive funding round per year.
- (3) Obtain the taxpayer's taxpayer identification number, or each shareholder's taxpayer identification number in the case of an S corporation, for tax administration purposes.
- (4) Provide an annual listing to the Franchise Tax Board, in the form and manner agreed upon by the Franchise Tax Board and the committee, containing the names, taxpayer identification numbers

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pursuant to paragraph (3), eligible costs, and total amount of credit certified to each taxpayer.

(f) For purposes of this section:

- (1) "Compliance period" means, with respect to any farmworker housing, the period of 30 consecutive taxable years, beginning with the taxable year in which the credit is allowable.
- (2) "Construct or rehabilitate" includes reconstruction, but does not include any costs related to acquisition or refinancing of property or structures thereon.
- (3) "Farmworker Housing Assistance Program" means Chapter 3.7 (commencing with Section 50199.50) of Part 1 of Division 31 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (4) "Qualified farmworker housing" means housing located within this state which satisfies the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program. The housing may be vacant or occupied, and it need not be licensed pursuant to the Employee Housing Act at the time of the initiation of construction or rehabilitation.
- (5) "Committee" means the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee as defined in Section 50199.7 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (6) "Qualified accountant" means an accountant licensed or certified in this state who is neither an employee of the taxpayer, nor related to the taxpayer within the meaning of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (g) No deduction or other credit shall be allowed under this part or Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001) to the extent of any eligible costs, as defined in subdivision (b), that are taken into account in computing the credit allowed under this section.
- (h) The farmworker housing tax credit shall not be allowed unless the taxpayer:
- (1) Constructs or rehabilitates the property subject to the eovenants, conditions, and restrictions imposed by this section and pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, which shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a requirement that the taxpayer obtain, for approval by the committee, a construction cost audit and certification of eligible costs from a qualified accountant.
- (2) Subsequent to construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing, owns or operates the farmworker housing

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pursuant to the requirements of this section, or ensures the ownership and operation of the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section.

- (i) The requirements of this section shall be set forth in a written agreement between the committee and the taxpayer. The agreement shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the requirements set forth in the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (j) In the case where the credit allowed by this section exceeds the "tax," the excess may be carried over to reduce the "tax" in the following year, and succeeding years if necessary, until the credit has been exhausted.
- (k) (1) In the case of any disqualifying event, as defined in paragraph (2), there shall be added to the "tax," as defined in Section 23036, for the taxable year in which the disqualifying event occurs, the recapture amount computed under paragraph (3) and the interest amount computed under paragraph (4).
- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "disqualifying event" shall mean:
- (A) The committee determines that the certification provided under subdivision (e) was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation.
- (B) The taxpayer fails to comply with the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, or any other requirement imposed under this section.
- (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "recapture amount" means:
- (A) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), the entire amount of any credit previously allowed under this section.
- (B) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), an amount determined by multiplying the entire amount of the credit previously allowed under this section by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of years remaining in the compliance period and the denominator of which is 30.
 - (4) For purposes of this subdivision, "interest amount" means:
- (A) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), the amount of interest computed using the adjusted annual rate established in Section 19521 from the due date of the return for each taxable year in

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which the credit was claimed to the date of payment of the additional tax resulting from the application of this subdivision.

- (B) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), zero.
- (1) The annual amount of credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.3 shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), provided that the aggregate amount of the credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.3 for the calendar year 1998 and thereafter may exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) per calendar year by an amount equal to any unallocated credits under this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.3 for the preceding calendar year or years.
- SEC. 8. Section 23608.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is repealed.
- 23608.3. (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax," as defined in Section 23036, for a bank or financial corporation as determined in subdivision (b).
- (b) (1) For purposes of this section, the credit shall be equal to 50 percent of the difference between the amount of interest income which could have been collected by the bank or financial corporation had the loan rate been one point above prime, or any other index used by the lender, and the lesser amount of interest income actually due for the term of the loan by the bank or financial corporation on those portions of loans used to finance only eligible costs actually paid or incurred to rehabilitate or construct qualified farmworker housing.
- (2) The credit allowed under this section shall be taken in equal installments over a period equal to the lesser of 10 years or the term of the loan beginning in the taxpayer's taxable year during which the qualified farmworker housing is completed and there is initial occupancy by eligible farmworkers. In the case where the credit allowed by this section exceeds the "tax" for any taxable year, the excess may not be carried over to reduce the "tax" in any succeeding year.
- (3) The credit shall not apply to loans with a term of less than three years or to loans funded prior to January 1, 1997. The credit shall apply only to interest income from the loan and shall not

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apply to any other loan fees or other charges collected by the bank or financial corporation with respect to the loan.

- (c) The taxpayer shall qualify for the credit by application to and certification by the committee that the expenses qualify for the credit under this section.
 - (d) The taxpayer shall do all of the following:
- (1) Apply to the committee for credit certification prior to the funding of the loan.
 - (2) Retain a copy of the certification.
- (3) Make the certification available to the Franchise Tax Board upon request.
 - (e) The committee shall do all of the following:
- (1) Provide forms and instructions for applications for credit certification, as specified pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (2) Accept applications and issue a certificate to the taxpayer that includes the credit amount to which the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year.
- (3) Obtain the taxpayer's taxpayer identification number, and each shareholder's taxpayer identification number in the case of an S corporation, for tax administration purposes.
- (4) Provide an annual listing to the Franchise Tax Board, and in a form and manner agreed upon by the Franchise Tax Board and the committee, containing the names, taxpayer identification numbers pursuant to paragraph (3), qualified amounts, and total amount of credit certified to each taxpayer.
 - (f) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Construct or rehabilitate" includes reconstruction, but does not include any costs related to acquisition or refinancing of property or structures thereon.
- (2) "Farmworker Housing Assistance Program" means Chapter 3.7 (commencing with Section 50199.50) of Part 1 of Division 31 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (3) "Eligible costs" means those expenditures certified by the committee to meet the requirements of Sections 17053.14 and 23608.2.
- 37 (4) "Qualified farmworker housing" means housing within
 38 the state that meets the requirements of the Farmworker Housing
 39 Assistance Program.

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(g) (1) In the event that the committee determines that the certification provided under subdivision (e) was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation of the taxpayer, there shall be added to the "tax," as defined in Section 23036 for the taxable year in which the disqualifying event occurs, the recapture amount computed under paragraph (2) and the interest amount computed under paragraph (3).

- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "recapture amount" means the entire amount of any credit previously allowed under this section.
- (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "interest amount" means the amount of interest computed using the adjusted annual rate established in Section 19521 from the due date of the return for the taxable year in which the credit was claimed to the date of payment of the additional tax resulting from the application of this subdivision.
- (h) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), if the bank or financial corporation sells the loan to another bank or financial corporation, the balance of the credit, if any, shall be transferred to the assignee or transferee of the loan, subject to the same conditions and limitations as set forth in this section.
- (2) A bank or financial corporation may assign, sell, or otherwise transfer the loan to another person or entity and retain the right to claim the credit granted under this section if the bank or financial corporation also retains responsibility for servicing the loan.
- (i) The annual amount of credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.2 shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), provided that the aggregate amount of the credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.2 for the 1998 calendar year and thereafter may exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) per calendar year by an amount equal to any unallocated credits under this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.2 for the preceding calendar year or years.
- 36 SEC. 9. Section 23610.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
 - 23610.5. (a) (1) There shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax" (as defined by Section 23036) a state low-income housing tax credit in an amount equal to the amount determined in

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subdivision (c), computed in accordance with Section 42 of the
Internal Revenue Code of 1986, except as otherwise provided in
this section.

- (2) "Taxpayer," for purposes of this section, means the sole owner in the case of a C corporation, the partners in the case of a partnership, and the shareholders in the case of an S corporation.
- (3) "Housing sponsor," for purposes of this section, means the sole owner in the case of a C corporation, the partnership in the case of a partnership, and the S corporation in the case of an S corporation.
- (b) (1) The amount of the credit allocated to any housing sponsor shall be authorized by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, or any successor thereof, based on a project's need for the credit for economic feasibility in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (A) The low-income housing project shall be located in California and shall meet either of the following requirements:
- (i) The project's housing sponsor has shall have been allocated by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee a credit for federal income tax purposes under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (ii) It qualifies shall qualify for a credit under Section 42(h)(4)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (B) The California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall may not require fees for the credit under this section in addition to those fees required for applications for the tax credit pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code. The committee may require a fee if the application for the credit under this section is submitted in a calendar year after the year the application is submitted for the federal tax credit.
- (2) (A) The California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall certify to the housing sponsor the amount of tax credit under this section allocated to the housing sponsor for each credit period.
- (B) In the case of a partnership or an S corporation, the housing sponsor shall provide a copy of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee certification to the taxpayer.
- (C) The taxpayer shall, upon request, provide a copy of the certification to the Franchise Tax Board.
- (D) All elections made by the taxpayer pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply to this section.

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(E) For buildings located in designated difficult development areas or qualified census tracts as defined in Section 42(d)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, credits may be allocated under this section in the amounts prescribed in subdivision (c), provided that the amount of credit allocated under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code is computed on 100 percent of the qualified basis of the building.

- (c) Section 42(b) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:
- (1) In the case of any qualified low-income building placed in service by the housing sponsor during 1987, the term "applicable percentage" means 9 percent for each of the first three years and 3 percent for the fourth year for new buildings (whether or not the building is federally subsidized) and for existing buildings.
- (2) In the case of any qualified low-income building that receives an allocation after 1989 and is a new building not federally subsidized, the term "applicable percentage" means the following:
- (A) For each of the first three years, the percentage prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for new buildings that are not federally subsidized for the taxable year, determined in accordance with the requirements of Section 42(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, in lieu of the percentage prescribed in Section 42(b)(1)(A).
- (B) For the fourth year, the difference between 30 percent and the sum of the applicable percentages for the first three years.
- (3) In the case of any qualified low-income building that receives an allocation after 1989 and that is a new building that is federally subsidized or that is an existing building that is "at risk of conversion," the term "applicable percentage" means the following:
- (A) For each of the first three years, the percentage prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for new buildings that are federally subsidized for the taxable year.
- (B) For the fourth year, the difference between 13 percent and the sum of the applicable percentages for the first three years.
- (4) For purposes of this section, the term "at risk of conversion," with respect to an existing building means a building that satisfies all of the following criteria:

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(A) The building is presently owned by a housing sponsor other than a qualified nonprofit organization.

- (B) The building is a federally assisted building for which the low-income use restrictions will terminate or the building is eligible for prepayment under Subtitle 13 of the Emergency Low Income Housing Assistance Act of 1987 or under Section 502(c) of the Housing Act of 1949, anytime in the two calendar years after the year of application to the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, and the purchaser has received preliminary approval from the applicable federal agency for a maximum level of incentives through a plan of action.
- (C) The person acquiring the building enters into a regulatory agreement that requires the building to be operated in accordance with the requirements of this section for a period equal to the greater of 55 years or the life of the building.
- (D) The building satisfies the requirements of Section 42(e) of the Internal Revenue Code regarding rehabilitation expenditures, except that the provisions of Section 42(e)(3)(A)(ii)(I) shall do not apply.
- (d) The term "qualified low-income housing project" as defined in Section 42(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified by adding the following requirements:
- (1) The taxpayer shall be entitled to receive a cash distribution from the operations of the project, after funding required reserves, which, at the election of the taxpayer, shall be *is* equal to:
 - (A) An amount not to exceed 8 percent of the lesser of:
- (i) The owner equity, which that shall include the amount of the capital contributions actually paid to the housing sponsor and shall may not include any amounts until they are paid on an investor note.
- (ii) Twenty percent of the adjusted basis of the building as of the close of the first taxable year of the credit period.
- (B) The amount of the cash-flow from those units in the building that are not low-income units. For purposes of computing cash-flow under this subparagraph, operating costs shall be allocated to the low-income units using the "floor space fraction," as defined in Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (C) Any amount allowed to be distributed under subparagraph (A) that is not available for distribution during the first five years of the compliance period may accumulate and be distributed at any

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time during the first 15 years of the compliance period but not thereafter.

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- (2) The limitation on return shall apply in the aggregate to the partners if the housing sponsor is a partnership and in the aggregate to the shareholders if the housing sponsor is an S corporation.
- (3) The housing sponsor shall apply any cash available for distribution in excess of the amount eligible to be distributed under paragraph (1) to reduce the rent on rent-restricted units or to increase the number of rent-restricted units subject to the tests of Section 42(g)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (e) The provisions of Section 42(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:
- (1) The term "credit period" as defined in Section 42(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified by substituting "four taxable years" for "10 taxable years."
- (2) The special rule for the first taxable year of the credit period under Section 42(f)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code shall does not apply to the tax credit under this section.
- (3) Section 42(f)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified to read:

If, as of the close of any taxable year in the compliance period, after the first year of the credit period, the qualified basis of any building exceeds the qualified basis of that building as of the close of the first year of the credit period, the housing sponsor, to the extent of its tax credit allocation, shall be eligible for a credit on the excess in an amount equal to the applicable percentage determined pursuant to subdivision (c) for the four-year period beginning with the later of the taxable income years in which the increase in qualified basis occurs.

- (f) The provisions of Section 42(h) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:
- (1) Section 42(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be is not applicable and instead the following provisions shall be applicable:

The total amount for the four-year credit period of the housing 36 credit dollars allocated in a calendar year to any building shall reduce the aggregate housing credit dollar amount of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee for the calendar year in which the allocation is made.

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1 (2) Paragraphs (3), (4), (5), (6)(E)(i)(II), (6)(F), (6)(G), (6)(I), (7), and (8) of Section 42(h) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be are not applicable.

- (g) The aggregate housing credit dollar amount that which may be allocated annually by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee pursuant to this section, Section 12206, and Section 17058 shall be an amount equal to the sum of all the following:
- (1) Seventy, but not to exceed seventy million dollars (\$70,000,000) for the 2001 calendar year, and, for the 2002 calendar year and each calendar year thereafter, seventy million dollars (\$70,000,000) increased by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the 2001 calendar year. For (for the purposes of this paragraph, the term "Consumer Price Index" means the last Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the federal Department of Labor.
 - (2) *Labor*):
- (1) To be allocated for qualified low-income housing projects, including farmworker housing:
 - (A) Forty-five million dollars (\$45,000,000).
- (B) The unused housing credit ceiling, if any, for the preceding calendar years.

(3)

- (C) The amount of housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year. For purposes of this paragraph subparagraph, the amount of housing credit dollar amount returned in the calendar year equals the housing credit dollar amount previously allocated to any project that does not become a qualified low-income housing project within the period required by this section or to any project with respect to which an allocation is canceled by mutual consent of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the allocation recipient.
- (2) To be specifically designated for the construction or rehabilitation of qualified farmworker housing, all of the following:
 - (A) Five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
- (B) The unused qualified farmworker housing credits, if any, for the preceding calendar year or years.
- (C) The amount of qualified farmworker housing credit ceiling returned in the calendar year. For purposes of this subparagraph,

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the amount returned in the calendar year equals the housing credit dollar amount previously allocated to any project that does not become a qualified low-income farmworker housing project within the period required by this section or to any project with respect to which an allocation is canceled by mutual consent of the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the allocation recipient.

"Qualified farmworker housing" means housing located within this state that satisfies the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program. The housing may be vacant or occupied, and it need not be licensed pursuant to the Employee Housing Act at the time of the initiation of construction or rehabilitation.

The farmworker housing tax credit may not be allowed unless the taxpayer constructs or rehabilitates the property subject to the covenants, conditions, and restrictions imposed by this section and pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, which shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a requirement that the taxpayer obtain, for approval by the committee, a construction cost audit and certification of eligible costs from a qualified accountant; and, subsequent to the construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing, owns or operates the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section, or ensures the ownership and operation of the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section.

- (h) The term "compliance period" as defined in Section 42(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code is modified to mean, with respect to any building, the period of 30 consecutive taxable years beginning with the first taxable year of the credit period with respect thereto.
- (i) Section 42(j) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be applicable and the following shall be substituted in its place:

The requirements of this section shall be set forth in a regulatory agreement between the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee and the housing sponsor, and this agreement shall be subordinated, when required, to any lien or encumbrance of any banks or other institutional lenders to the project. The regulatory agreement entered into pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 50199.14 of the Health and Safety Code, shall apply, provided that providing the agreement includes all of the following provisions:

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- (1) A term not less than the compliance period.
- (2) A requirement that the agreement be filed in the official records of the county in which the qualified low-income housing project is located.
- (3) A provision stating which state and local agencies can enforce the regulatory agreement in the event the housing sponsor fails to satisfy any of the requirements of this section.
- (4) A provision that the regulatory agreement shall be deemed a contract enforceable by tenants as third-party beneficiaries thereto, and that allows individuals, whether prospective, present, or former occupants of the building, who meet the income limitation applicable to the building the right to enforce the regulatory agreement in any state court.
- (5) A provision incorporating the requirements of Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code as modified by this section.
- (6) A requirement that the housing sponsor notify the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee or its designee if there is a determination by the Internal Revenue Service that the project is not in compliance with Section 42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) A requirement that the housing sponsor, as security for the performance of the housing sponsor's obligations under the regulatory agreement, assign the housing sponsor's interest in rents that it receives from the project, provided that until there is a default under the regulatory agreement, the housing sponsor is entitled to collect and retain the rents.
- (8) A provision that the remedies available in the event of a default under the regulatory agreement that is not cured within a reasonable cure period include, but are not limited to, allowing any of the parties designated to enforce the regulatory agreement to collect all rents with respect to the project; taking possession of the project and operating the project in accordance with the regulatory agreement until the enforcer determines the housing sponsor is in a position to operate the project in accordance with the regulatory agreement; applying to any court for specific performance; securing the appointment of a receiver to operate the project; or any other relief as may be appropriate.
- (j) (1) The committee shall allocate the housing credit on a regular basis consisting of two or more periods in each calendar year during which applications may be filed and considered. The

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committee shall establish application filing deadlines, the maximum percentage of federal and state low-income housing tax credit ceiling that may be allocated by the committee in that period, and the approximate date on which allocations shall be made. If the enactment of federal or state law, the adoption of rules or regulations, or other similar events prevent the use of two allocation periods, the committee may reduce the number of periods and adjust the filing deadlines, maximum percentage of credit allocated, and *the* allocation dates.

- (2) The committee shall adopt a qualified allocation plan, as provided in Section 42(m)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. In adopting this plan, the committee shall comply with the provisions of Sections 42(m)(1)(B) and 42(m)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) Notwithstanding Section 42(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee shall allocate housing credits in accordance with the qualified allocation plan and regulations, which shall include the following provisions:
- (A) All housing sponsors, as defined by paragraph (3) of subdivision (a), shall demonstrate at the time the application is filed with the committee that the project meets the following threshold requirements:
- (i) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate that there is a need for low-income housing in the community or region for which it is proposed.
- (ii) The project's proposed financing, including tax credit proceeds, shall be sufficient to complete the project and shall be adequate to operate the project for the extended use period.
- (iii) The project shall have enforceable financing commitments, either construction or permanent financing, for at least 50 percent of the total estimated financing of the project.
- (iv) The housing sponsor shall have and maintain control of the site for the project.
- (v) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate that the project complies with all applicable local land use and zoning ordinances.
- (vi) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate that the project development team has the experience and the financial capacity to ensure project completion and operation for the extended use period.

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 (vii) The housing sponsor shall demonstrate the amount of tax credit that is necessary for the financial feasibility of the project and its viability as a qualified low-income housing project throughout the extended use period, taking into account operating expenses, a supportable debt service, reserves, funds set aside for rental subsidies, and required equity, and a development fee that does not exceed a specified percentage of the eligible basis of the project prior to inclusion of the development fee in the eligible basis, as determined by the committee.

- (B) The committee shall give a preference to those projects satisfying all of the threshold requirements of subparagraph (A) if both of the following apply:
- (i) The project serves the lowest income tenants at rents affordable to those tenants.
- (ii) The project is obligated to serve qualified tenants for the longest period.
- (C) In addition to the provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B), the committee shall use the following criteria in allocating housing credits:
- (i) Projects serving large families in which a substantial number, as defined by the committee, of all residential units are is comprised of low-income units with three and more bedrooms.
- (ii) Projects providing single-room occupancy units serving very low income tenants.
- (iii) Existing projects that are "at risk of conversion," as defined by paragraph (4) of subdivision (c).
- (iv) Projects for which a public agency provides direct or indirect long-term financial support for at least 15 percent of the total project development costs or projects for which the owner's equity constitutes at least 30 percent of the total project development costs.
- (v) Projects that provide tenant amenities not generally available to residents of low-income housing projects.
- (4) For purposes of allocating credits pursuant to this section, the committee shall may not give preference to any project by virtue of the date of submission of its application except to break a tie when two or more of the projects have an equal rating.
- (5) Not less than 20 percent of the low-income housing tax credits available annually under this section, Section 12206, and Section 17058 shall be set aside for allocation to rural areas as

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defined in Section 50199.21 of the Health and Safety Code. Any amount of credit set aside for rural areas remaining on or after October 31 of any calendar year shall be available for allocation to any eligible project. No amount of credit set aside for rural areas shall be considered available for any eligible project so long as there are eligible rural applications pending on October 31.

 (k) Section 42(*l*) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be modified as follows:

The term "secretary" shall be replaced by the term "California Franchise Tax Board."

- (*l*) In the case where the state credit allowed under this section exceeds the "tax," the excess may be carried over to reduce the "tax" in the following year, and succeeding years if necessary, until the credit has been exhausted.
- (m) A project that received an allocation of a 1989 federal housing credit dollar amount shall be eligible to receive an allocation of a 1990 state housing credit dollar amount, subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (1) The project was not placed in service prior to 1990.
- (2) To the extent the amendments made to this section by the Statutes of 1990 conflict with any provisions existing in this section prior to those amendments, the prior provisions of law shall prevail.
- (3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), a project applying for an allocation under this subdivision shall be subject to the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (j).
- (n) The credit period with respect to an allocation of credit in 1989 by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee of which any amount is attributable to unallocated credit from 1987 or 1988 shall *does* not begin until after December 31, 1989.
- (o) The provisions of Section 11407(a) of Public Law 101-508, relating to the effective date of the extension of the low-income housing credit, shall apply to calendar years after 1989.
- (p) The provisions of Section 11407(c) of Public Law 101-508, relating to election to accelerate credit, shall does not apply.
- (q) (1) A corporation may elect to assign any portion of any credit allowed under this section to one or more affiliated corporations for each taxable year in which the credit is allowed. For purposes of this subdivision, "affiliated corporation" has the meaning provided in subdivision (b) of Section 25110, as that

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section was amended by Chapter 881 of the Statutes of 1993, as of the last day of the taxable year in which the credit is allowed, except that "100 percent" is substituted for "more than 50 percent" wherever it appears in the section, as that section was amended by Chapter 881 of the Statutes of 1993, and "voting common stock" is substituted for "voting stock" wherever it appears in the section, as that section was amended by Chapter 881 8 of the Statutes of 1993.

- (2) The election provided in paragraph (1):
- (A) May be based on any method selected by the corporation that originally receives the credit.
- (B) Shall be irrevocable for the taxable year the credit is allowed, once made.
- (C) May be changed for any subsequent taxable year if the election to make the assignment is expressly shown on each of the returns of the affiliated corporations that assign and receive the credits.
- (r) Any unused credit may continue to be carried forward, as provided in subdivision (k), until the credit has been exhausted.

This section shall remain in effect on or after December 1, 1990, for as long as Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, relating pertaining to low-income housing credits, remains in effect.

(s) The amendments to this section made by the act adding this subdivision shall apply only to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1994, except that paragraph (1) of subdivision (q), as amended, shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1993.

is amended to read:

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50199.50. For the purposes of this chapter:

- (a) "Agricultural worker" or "farmworker" shall have the same meaning as specified in subdivision (b) of Section 1140.4 of the Labor Code.
- (b) "Compliance period" means, with respect to any 34 farmworker housing, the period of 10 consecutive taxable or income years, beginning with the taxable or income year in which the credit is allowable.
 - (c) "Eligible costs" means the total finance costs, construction costs, excavation costs, installation costs, and permit costs paid or incurred to construct or rehabilitate farmworker housing. "Eligible costs" include, but are not limited to, improvements to

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ensure compliance with laws governing access for persons with disabilities and costs related to reducing utility expenses. Noneligible costs include land and those costs financed by grants and below-market financing.

- (d) "Farmworker housing" means housing for agricultural workers and may include, but need not be limited to, conventionally constructed units and manufactured housing.
- (e) "Farmworker housing tax credits" means the tax credits authorized by Sections 17053.14, 23608.2, and 23608.3 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.
- (f) "Household" has the same meaning as defined in Section 7602 of Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (g) "Committee" means the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee as defined in Section 50199.7.
- (h) "Owner" and "recipient" mean any person or entity deemed eligible for tax credits by the committee pursuant to this chapter regardless of actual ownership of the farmworker housing.
- SEC. 2. Section 50199.54 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 50199.54. (a) If the person who receives a credit pursuant to Section 17053.14 or 23608.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code demonstrates, to the committee's satisfaction, that there is no further need for farmworker housing or that it is no longer economically feasible to operate the farmworker housing, the person shall pay to the Franchise Tax Board a pro rata portion of the credit previously allowed equal to the amount of any tax credit previously allowed, multiplied by the ratio of the number of years not elapsed in the compliance period divided by 10.
- (b) If the farmworker housing is damaged or destroyed by a casualty not caused by the owner or operator, the compliance period has not expired, and the owner or operator commences reasonable action to repair or replace the farmworker housing, the taxpayer may continue to claim the credit as if no destruction had taken place.
- 35 SEC. 3. Section 17053.14 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
 - 17053.14. (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "net tax," as defined in Section 17039, an amount, subject to Section 42(h)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is otherwise equal to the lesser

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of 50 percent of the eligible costs, as determined under subdivision (b), or the amount allocated under paragraph (2) of subdivision (e).

- (b) (1) For purposes of this section, the "eligible costs" shall be equal to the total finance costs, construction costs, excavation costs, installation costs, and permit costs paid or incurred to construct or rehabilitate farmworker housing. "Eligible costs" include, but are not limited to, improvements to ensure compliance with laws governing access for persons with disabilities and costs related to reducing utility expenses. Noneligible costs include land and those costs financed by grants and below-market financing.
- (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing shall have commenced on or after January 1, 1997.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, eligible costs shall not include any costs paid or incurred prior to January 1, 1997.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, no credit shall be allowed under this section unless the taxpayer first obtains a certification from the committee that the amounts described in subdivision (b) qualify for the credit under this section and the total amount of the credit allocated to the taxpayer pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
 - (d) The taxpayer shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Apply to the committee for the credit certification.
 - (2) Retain a copy of the certification.
- (3) Make the certification available to the Franchise Tax Board upon request.
 - (e) The committee shall do all of the following:
- (1) Provide forms and instructions for applications for credit certification, as specified pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (2) Accept applications and issue a certificate to the taxpayer that includes a certification as to the eligible costs described in subdivision (b) that qualify for the credit and the total amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year. 36 Credit in excess of the amount necessary to make the project feasible shall not be allocated. Credits shall be allocated through
- a minimum of one competitive funding round per year.

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(3) Obtain the taxpayer's taxpayer identification number, and each partner's taxpayer identification number in the case of a partnership, for tax administration purposes.

- (4) Provide an annual listing to the Franchise Tax Board, in the form and manner agreed upon by the Franchise Tax Board and the committee, containing the names, taxpayer identification numbers pursuant to paragraph (3), eligible costs, and total amount of credit certified to each taxpayer.
 - (f) For purposes of this section:

- (1) "Compliance period" means, with respect to any farmworker housing, the period of 10 consecutive taxable years, beginning with the taxable year in which the credit is allowable.
- (2) "Construct or rehabilitate" includes reconstruction, but does not include any costs related to acquisition or refinancing of property or structures thereon.
- (3) "Farmworker Housing Assistance Program" means Chapter 3.7 (commencing with Section 50199.50) of Part 1 of Division 31 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (4) "Qualified farmworker housing" means housing located within this state that satisfies the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program. The housing may be vacant or occupied.
- (5) "Committee" means the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee as defined in Section 50199.7 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (6) "Qualified accountant" means an accountant licensed or certified in this state who is neither an employee of the taxpayer nor related to the taxpayer, within the meaning of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (g) No deduction or other credit shall be allowed under this part or Part 11 (commencing with Section 23001) to the extent of any eligible costs, as defined in subdivision (b), that are taken into account in computing the credit allowed under this section.
- (h) The farmworker housing tax credit shall not be allowed unless the taxpayer:
- (1) Constructs or rehabilitates the property subject to the covenants, conditions, and restrictions imposed by this section and pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, which shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a requirement that the taxpayer obtain, for approval by the committee, a construction

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 cost audit and certification of eligible costs from a qualified accountant.

- (2) Subsequent to construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing, owns or operates the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section, or ensures the ownership and operation of the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section.
- (i) The requirements of this section shall be set forth in a written agreement between the committee and the taxpayer. The agreement shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the requirements set forth in the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (j) In the case where the credit allowed by this section exceeds the "net tax," the excess may be carried over to reduce the "net tax" in the following year, and succeeding years if necessary, until the credit has been exhausted.
- (k) (1) In the case of any disqualifying event, as defined in paragraph (2), there shall be added to the "net tax," as defined in Section 17039, for the taxable year in which the disqualifying event occurs, the recapture amount computed under paragraph (3) and the interest amount computed under paragraph (4).
- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "disqualifying event" shall mean:
- (A) The committee determines that the certification provided under subdivision (e) was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation.
- (B) The taxpayer fails to comply with the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, or any other requirement imposed under this section.
- (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "recapture amount" means:
- (A) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), the entire amount of any credit previously allowed under this section.
- (B) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), an amount determined by multiplying the entire amount of the credit previously allowed under this section by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of years remaining in the compliance period and the denominator of which is 10.
 - (4) For purposes of this subdivision, "interest amount" means:

(A) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), the amount of interest computed using the adjusted annual rate established in Section 19521 from the due date of the return for each taxable year in which the credit was claimed to the date of the payment of the additional tax resulting from the application of this subdivision.

- (B) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), zero.
- (1) The annual amount of credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 23608.2 and 23608.3 shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), provided that the aggregate amount of the credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 23608.2 and 23608.3 for the 1998 calendar year and thereafter may exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) per calendar year by an amount equal to any unallocated credits under this section and Sections 23608.2 and 23608.3 for the preceding calendar year or years.
- SEC. 4. Section 23608.2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 23608.2. (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax," as defined by Section 23036, an amount, subject to Section 42(h)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, that is otherwise equal to the lesser of 50 percent of the eligible costs, as determined under subdivision (b), or the amount allocated under paragraph (2) of subdivision (c).
- (b) (1) For purposes of this section, the "eligible costs" shall be equal to the total finance costs, construction costs, excavation costs, installation costs, and permit costs paid or incurred to construct or rehabilitate farmworker housing. "Eligible costs" include, but are not limited to, improvements to ensure compliance with laws governing access for persons with disabilities and costs related to reducing utility expenses. Noneligible costs include land and those costs financed by grants and below-market financing.
- (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing shall have commenced on or after January 1, 1997.
- 37 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this part, eligible costs 38 shall not include any costs paid or incurred prior to January 1, 39 1997.

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 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, no credit shall be allowed under this section unless the taxpayer first obtains a certification from the committee that the amounts described in subdivision (b) qualify for the credit under this section and the total amount of the credit allocated to the taxpayer pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.

- (d) The taxpayer shall do all of the following:
- (1) Apply to the committee for credit certification.
- (2) Retain a copy of the certification.
- (3) Make the certification available to the Franchise Tax Board upon request.
 - (e) The committee shall do all of the following:
- (1) Provide forms and instructions for applications for credit certification, as specified pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (2) Accept applications and issue a certificate to the taxpayer that includes a certification as to the eligible costs described in subdivision (b) that qualify for the credit and the total amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year. Credit in excess of the amount necessary to make the project feasible shall not be allocated. Credits shall be allocated through a minimum of one competitive funding round per year.
- (3) Obtain the taxpayer's taxpayer identification number, or each shareholder's taxpayer identification number in the case of an S corporation, for tax administration purposes.
- (4) Provide an annual listing to the Franchise Tax Board, in the form and manner agreed upon by the Franchise Tax Board and the committee, containing the names, taxpayer identification numbers pursuant to paragraph (3), eligible costs, and total amount of credit certified to each taxpayer.
 - (f) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Compliance period" means, with respect to any farmworker housing, the period of 10 consecutive taxable years, beginning with the taxable year in which the credit is allowable.
- (2) "Construct or rehabilitate" includes reconstruction, but does not include any costs related to acquisition or refinancing of property or structures thereon.
- 38 (3) "Farmworker Housing Assistance Program" means 39 Chapter 3.7 (commencing with Section 50199.50) of Part 1 of 40 Division 31 of the Health and Safety Code.

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(4) "Qualified farmworker housing" means housing located within this state that satisfies the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program. The housing may be vacant or occupied, and it need not be licensed pursuant to the Employee Housing Act at the time of the initiation of construction or rehabilitation.

- (5) "Committee" means the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee as defined in Section 50199.7 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (6) "Qualified accountant" means an accountant licensed or certified in this state who is neither an employee of the taxpayer, nor related to the taxpayer within the meaning of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (g) No deduction or other credit shall be allowed under this part or Part 10 (commencing with Section 17001) to the extent of any eligible costs, as defined in subdivision (b), that are taken into account in computing the credit allowed under this section.
- (h) The farmworker housing tax credit shall not be allowed unless the taxpayer:
- (1) Constructs or rehabilitates the property subject to the covenants, conditions, and restrictions imposed by this section and pursuant to the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, which shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, a requirement that the taxpayer obtain, for approval by the committee, a construction cost audit and certification of eligible costs from a qualified accountant.
- (2) Subsequent to construction or rehabilitation of the farmworker housing, owns or operates the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section, or ensures the ownership and operation of the farmworker housing pursuant to the requirements of this section.
- (i) The requirements of this section shall be set forth in a written agreement between the committee and the taxpayer. The agreement shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the requirements set forth in the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program.
- (j) In the case where the credit allowed by this section exceeds the "tax," the excess may be carried over to reduce the "tax" in the following year, and succeeding years if necessary, until the credit has been exhausted.

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(k) (1) In the case of any disqualifying event, as defined in paragraph (2), there shall be added to the "tax," as defined in Section 23036, for the taxable year in which the disqualifying event occurs, the recapture amount computed under paragraph (3) and the interest amount computed under paragraph (4).

- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "disqualifying event" shall mean:
- (A) The committee determines that the certification provided under subdivision (e) was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation.
- (B) The taxpayer fails to comply with the requirements of the Farmworker Housing Assistance Program, or any other requirement imposed under this section.
- (3) For purposes of this subdivision, "recapture amount" means:
- (A) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), the entire amount of any credit previously allowed under this section.
- (B) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), an amount determined by multiplying the entire amount of the credit previously allowed under this section by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of years remaining in the compliance period and the denominator of which is 10.
 - (4) For purposes of this subdivision, "interest amount" means:
- (A) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), the amount of interest computed using the adjusted annual rate established in Section 19521 from the due date of the return for each taxable year in which the credit was claimed to the date of payment of the additional tax resulting from the application of this subdivision.
- (B) In the case of any disqualifying event described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), zero.
- (1) The annual amount of credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.3 shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), provided that the aggregate amount of the credit granted pursuant to this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.3 for the calendar year 1998 and thereafter may exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) per calendar year by an amount equal to any unallocated credits under

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- this section and Sections 17053.14 and 23608.3 for the preceding
 calendar year or years.